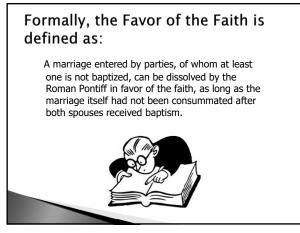
# The Dissolution of Marriage in Favor of the Faith

Fr. Mark R. Richards, JCL

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## A Favor of the Faith broadens the scope of the Pauline Privilege

The Church has always believed, from earliest times, that it had the authority to grant the Pauline for the salvation of souls and to **define the limits**, as well as **to interpret** the privilege in a broader sense, thus giving...

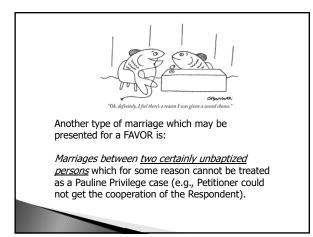
A true freedom to the baptized party to enter a new marriage!



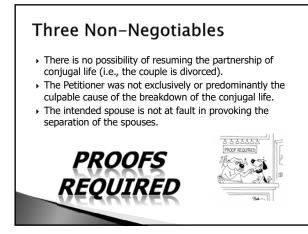
#### What's the difference? Pauline Privilege or Favor of the Faith?

- Pauline Privilege can be invoked <u>only</u> in the case of a marriage of (2) *certainly* non-baptized persons in a nonsacramental marriage – to allow for a subsequent sacramental marriage to a baptized Christian. However, in a Favor...
- If only (1) party is *certainly* non-baptized and the other party's baptism is doubtful, the case may be referred to the Holy See to request a dissolution in Favor of the Faith.
- NOTE: If both parties' baptismal status is doubtful, the case is addressed as a Formal case.

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# What Qualifies for a Favor?

Marriages between <u>a baptized non-Catholic and an</u> <u>unbaptized person</u>

- The baptized non-Catholic party is the Petitioner (and is to be received into the Catholic Church)
- The baptized non-Catholic party is the Petitioner (and does not wish to be <u>received</u> into the Catholic Church) but wishes to marry a Catholic
- The unbaptized party is the Petitioner (and is to be baptized) and wishes to marry a Catholic
- The unbaptized party is the Petitioner (and is <u>not to be</u> <u>baptized</u>). In this case, the favor is granted <u>for the good of the</u> <u>Catholic party and any children</u> that may be born of that union.

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# What Qualifies for a Favor? Marriages between <u>a Catholic and an unbaptized person</u>

 The Catholic party is the Petitioner (and intends to wed a baptized person)

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