

## DIOCESE OF SACRAMENTO

2110 Broadway • Sacramento, California 95818 • 916/733-0200 • Fax 916/733-0215

# Memo

To: Pastors, Parochial Vicars, Administrators, Deacons, School and Parish Staff

From: John Watkins
Date: June 10, 2019

Subject: SB 360 Sunday: Keep the Seal of Confession

The State Legislature is considering a bill, SB 360, to regulate the Sacrament of Penance and force priests to break the Seal of Confession. In light of this proposed bill, Bishop Soto is encouraging all parishes from the Diocese of Sacramento to take action on the weekend of June 22-23 to oppose Senate Bill 360.

We are encouraging parishes to do the following activities on the weekend of June 22-23: Make Bishop Soto's letter (attached) available in the vestibule or parish bulletin, and distribute SB 360 letter to assembly member (attached) to be completed, signed and collected during the Mass (perhaps as a "second collection").

Participating parishes will send the collected letters by June 28 to the Office of Catholic Charities & Social Concerns, 2110 Broadway, Sacramento 95818. These will then be mailed to the appropriate assembly member based on zip code.

#### **Bulletin Announcement:**

The State Legislature is considering a bill, SB 360, to regulate the Sacrament of Penance and force priests to break the Seal of Confession. In light of this proposed bill, Bishop Soto is encouraging all parishes from the Diocese of Sacramento to take action on the weekend of June 22-23 to oppose Senate Bill 360.

"The recent California state senate bill, SB 360, has been proposed as an aid to prevent child sexual abuse. While this is an admirable aim, the bill misses the mark. Specifically, this bill attempts to do so by way of removing the legal protections surrounding the sacramental seal of confession, a legal protection which has been in place throughout the history of Church & State relations.

There is nothing intrinsic to this bill which creates a greater assurance or guarantees that future abuse will not happen. Instead, it mounts an assault on the fundamental liberties of Catholics in the state of California under the guise of greater protection. For this reason, all Catholics, religious people of any affiliation, and indeed all people of good will, should vigorously oppose SB 360" – **Bishop Jaime Soto** 

For more information about SB 360 and to take action, visit www.scd.org/keeptheseal

## Prayers of the Faithful:

For our state legislators in service to the common good, that through the gift of heavenly wisdom they may work to uphold religious freedom and conscience protection for all. Let us pray to the Lord.

For people of faith who fight to preserve religious liberty, may the Lord strengthen their resolve to hold firm in their witness. Let us pray to the Lord.

Respectfully,

John Watkins

Director, Catholic Charities & Social Concerns

Diocese of Sacramento



# DIOCESE OF SACRAMENTO

2110 Broadway • Sacramento, California 95818 • 916/733-0200 • Fax 916/733-0215

June 12, 2019

#### Dear Friends in Christ:

Tell your State Assemblymember to vote "no" on SB 360. The California state senate bill, SB 360, has been proposed as an aid to prevent child sexual abuse. While this is an admirable aim, the bill misses the mark. Specifically, this bill attempts to do so by way of removing the legal protections surrounding the sacramental seal of confession, a legal protection which has been in place throughout the history of Church & State relations.

There is nothing intrinsic to this bill which creates a greater assurance or guarantees that future abuse will not happen. Instead, it mounts an assault on the fundamental liberties of Catholics in the state of California under the guise of greater protection. For this reason, all Catholics, religious people of any affiliation, and indeed all people of good will, should vigorously oppose SB 360.

Not only does SB 360 fail in its understanding of the role of the priest in the sacrament of reconciliation, but in fact it undermines the fundamental religious liberties of the penitent. As one of the seven sacraments of the Catholic Church, reconciliation is a "sacred moment" – a time when a man, woman, or child bares one's soul to God, and asks for forgiveness for wrongs that he or she have committed. Catholics believe that this sacrament is a moment of grace: through the ministry of the priest the grace of forgiveness is granted, and the penitent is endowed with spiritual aid to go forth and not sin any longer.

This sacred moment is an intimate, vulnerable moment for the penitent. Intrinsic to the sacrament is the confidence that what is said in the confessional will remain there. Catholics, further, have the right to an anonymous confession; that is, one where the identity of the penitent is known only to God, and not even to the priest if they do not desire it. It is a place where assistance is given to those with marital difficulties, frustrations with the challenges of raising children, or even the long battle over addictions. So important is the sacrament of reconciliation in the life of a believer that the Catholic Church calls on its members to frequent the sacrament at least once a year in order to participate fully in the celebration of the Mass and receive the sacrament of the Holy Eucharist.

The effort to remove the legal protection that has been afforded to the seal of confession, then, is ultimately one which systemically introduces doubt into the psyche of those who would present themselves for the sacrament. There is, thus, a two-fold effect upon the penitent: the first is that it places a mental reservation into the middle of this sacred moment. No longer is this an honest, vulnerable moment, a moment of grace, but rather it places a barrier in between the believer and their religious encounter with their merciful Redeemer. Second, insofar as the barrier prevents them from having true reconciliation with God, it prevents them from being able to fully participate in the religious worship of the assembly.

Consequently, the bill takes aim not at clergy, requiring them to divulge the content of a particular confession, but attacks the very religious liberty of the nearly 11 million Catholics in the state of California.

This is a staggering and disturbing overreach of the state legislature. Unfortunately, and for many years now, there has been a trend to change the conversation from talking about "religious liberty" to merely a "freedom of worship". As I have already noted, in the case of the sacramental seal, the overreach on the issue of religious liberty also limits the freedom of Catholic Faithful to worship freely and fully as a member of the body of Christ. Such a precedent is unconstitutional and unconscionable.

Such a precedent, furthermore, is being attempted with no compelling interest by the state: there is not a single case that can be pointed to by the authors of this legislation where information gained from opening the sacramental seal would be decisive in determining the innocence or guilt of a party, or, more importantly as it pertains to the rationale for putting forward the legislation, the assurance that children would be better protected.

Catholic priests are already mandated reporters. My priests have been given instruction on how to respond if a situation of abuse is divulged in the context of confession so that aid might be given without need of disclosing what was shared during this privileged communication. This bill places a dilemma in the conscience of the priest: does he break the sacred trust which has been given to him by God, or does he face prosecution by the civil courts? Either way, such legislation does not only affect the way the Catholic religion interfaces with the greater society, but interferes with the very structures of the religion itself.

The Catholic Church has worked tirelessly to create a culture of transparency and safety within our structures. Since 2002, the California dioceses have trained more than 1 million adults in proactive measures to protect children and young adults, and how to report misconduct. Our work is not finished, and we invite a respectful collaboration alongside of the state legislature to ensure that the vulnerable are indeed safe in all avenues of their life. SB 360 is a step in the wrong direction. Tell your State Assemblymember to vote "no" on SB 360.

Respectfully

+Jaime Soto

Bishop of Sacramento



Dear Assembly Member,

For Catholics, Confession is sacred, and the ability to confess our sins confidentially is essential to our religious belief and practice.

SB 360 would deny the right to confidential confessions to priests and to tens of thousands of Catholics who work with priests in parishes and other Church agencies and ministries.

We agree with the intention behind SB 360: that all youth should be protected from abuse. But clergy and ministers are already "mandated reporters" — which means that when they hear information about suspected child abuse, they are required to report this to law enforcement. And there is no evidence that denying tens of thousands of California Catholics the right to seek God's forgiveness in Confession will protect children.

**Please vote NO on SB 360** unless it is amended to ensure that all Californians are able to confess their sins to their priests to receive the grace of the Sacrament.

Any law that does not keep this unique form of religious communications private and available to every person, is wrong and violates Californians' rights to practice their religion freely.

Print name:	Signature:
Address:	
City:	State: <u>CA</u> Zip:

If anyone has witnessed, or has reason to believe, or might suspect, there is or has been abuse involving clergy, employees or volunteers at any of our Catholic schools, parish religious education programs or other church-related events, those suspicions or allegations are to be reported first to civil authorities (law enforcement, child protective services, or adult protective services) and then to the Diocese via the toll-free line at 866-777-9133. You may also reach the Pastoral Care Coordinator at 916-733-0142. Reports can be made in English and Spanish. For more information on the Diocese of Sacramento's efforts to prevent abuse, visit www.scd.org/safe-environment